A CLEAR STATEMENT OF JUST WHAT MAY BE SEEN THERE.

Address by Col. R. C. Clowry at the Annual Planer of the Western Union Telegraph Company-The Buildings and Their Archiwets, the Electric-lights and Other Attractions of Chicago's Great Exposition.

At the annual dinner of the officers of the stern Union Telegraph Company, which on Saturday night at the Holland Col. R. C. Clowry. Vice-President and General Superintendent of the company, de-livered a speech on the World's Fair, which was greatly applauded. Col. Clowry is located at Chicago, and has had abundant opportunity acquire information regarding the Fair He had been advised that he would be exsected to talk upon that subject. In the pinion of many of the diners his presentation the features of the Fair was exceptionally dear. This is what he said:

"The World's Columbian Exposition is loated in what is known as Jackson Park, seven alles south of the centre of the city of Chicago. and covers 664 acres, having a water frontage 1) miles on Lake Michigan, and connecting the city and the other large parks by a estem of boulevards. The Exposition will be sched by steam, elevated, and cable railroads, as well as by lake transportation. The ands have been laid out under the general et, Mr. Frederick Law Olmsted of Boson. There will be numerous small lakes or ons in the grounds, which are to be conted with Lake Michigan and navigated by boats propelled by steam and electricity, as gondolas, manned by experienced boaten. It is estimated that the Exposition will be five times larger than the Paris Exposition

Architects from all parts of the United Mates were requested to submit plans and designs for the buildings. The Manufactures and Liberal Arts building, which will be known as the main building, is to be located directly on the lake shore, and will cover upward of thirty acres. The architect of this building is Mr. George B. Post of New York, who will be remembered by many here to-night as the hitect of the Western Union building at 195 Broadway. Machinery Hall, covering 914 seres, was designed by Messra. Peabody & Stearns of Boston. The Agricultural building. covering 0 acres, was designed by McKim. Mead & White of New York. The Transportation building, covering nearly 6 acres, was designed by Adler & Sullivan of Chicago. Horticulture Hall, covering 5 7-10 acres, was designed by W. L. B. Jenney of Chicago. The Mines and Mining building, covering 5 6-10 seres, was designed by Mr. S. B. Beman of Chicago. The Electricity building, covering 5% acres, was designed by Yan Brunt & Howe of Kansas City. The Plac Arts building covers four acres, and was designed by Mr. C. B. Atwood of New York. The Government building covers three and two-tenth acres, and was designed by the Government architect. Mr. Windrim. The Forestry building covers two and one-half acres, and was designed by Mr. C. B. Atwood of New York. The Woman's building covers nearly two acres. Competitive designs were received for this building from women only, and a prize of \$1.000 was offered for the best design. The ward was made to Miss Sophia Hayden of Boston, and the men architects agree that the building, which is nearly finished, will be one of the most beautiful upon the grounds. The Fisherics building covers one and one-half scree, and was designed by Henry Ives Cobb of Chicago.

The other large buildings are the Illinois

Chicago.

The other large buildings are the Illinois ate building, the Dairy building, Stock lidings, &c. Last, but by no means least, mee the Administration building, covering acres. It is thought by many architects o have seen the plans that this will be one the handsomest structures in the world, a architect is Mr. Richard M. Hunt of New rk city.

of the handsomer. The architect is Mr. Richard M. Hunt of New York city.

"A building to measure 1.75x300 feet is to be constructed 1.000 feet out in the lake, and to be called the Casino. This building will form a part of the steamboat landing to be connected with the shore by a pier and platform eighty feet wide. The Casino is of composite construction, embracing nine payillons, and is planned to be a representation of Venice on a small scale. The architects are Mossrs. Burling & Whitehouse of Chicago.

"The United States Government is to have what is called a naval exhibit, that is to say, a full-sized model of a modern United States war ship, containing all the latest appliances. This model will be built upon piles driven in the lake, and will be easy of access to spectators.

have mentioned the names and residences of the different architects, because I desire to have it understood that the very best architectural talent in the United States has been brought into requisition to furnish designs and plans for these buildings, so that the work could in no sense be considered local in character. Our Grounds and Buildings Committee have had frequent conferences with all of these architects and have been assured that we need have no fears in reference to the inspection of

have no fears in reference to the inspection of the buildings by architects from other countries; in fact, they are one and all enthusiastic in regard to the great work.

In seard to the great work.

In staff is staff is composed mostly of plandings is fron, wood, and what is called the himself in the staff is composed mostly of planding the staff is composed in the staff is composed in the staff is composed in the staff is composed to the staff in the staff is composed in the staff in the staff is composed in the staff in the staff is composed in the staff in the s

on the frieze.

"The power plant of the Exposition will be ocated in a building adjoining Machinery Hall, and all generators operated by steam will be placed in this space. The distance from the power plant to the centre of the Electricity building is 1,400 feet. Leading from this power plant to the Electricity and other large buildings will be an university and electric subway 1, miles long. The dimensions of this subway vary from theet inches source in the clear to the feet inches wide by 4 feet 0 inches high. The electric conductors

and cables will be placed on insulators attached to racks in the subway, a space being left in the centre wide enough for inspectors to pass through. The capacity of these subways is such as to amply provide for all the conductors for electric lighting, electric power service, telegraphic and telephonic service. There is to be an elevated electric railway almost encircling the Exposition, and just inside of the fence which surrounds the grounds. This railroad will be used for the transportation of passengers, and it is intended to attach to the structure several caples to be used as electric conductors in addition to those placed in the subway.

exhibited at the grounds operated by electricity. Nothing has as yet been determined as to using these sidewalks for transportation after the Exposition is opened. The sidewalk platform is provided with seats, and moves at the rate of six miles an hour.

"It is intended to have a large electric fountain in front of the Administration building. This fountain will be similar to the one shown in the Paris Exposition, and to the fountain permanently established in Lincoln Park, Chicago, but will probably be much larger than either. The water will be thrown up in numerous sprays of different heights, showing ever changing colors produced by the effects of the electric light.

"The grounds and buildings will be lighted by 0,700 are lamps of 2,000 candle power each and 131.452 incandescent lamps of 10 candle power each. It is estimated that the electric plant at the World's Columbian Exposition will be ten times larger than that employed at the Paris Exposition. The Art building will be lighted exclusively by incandescent lamps, and the subject of outlining at night with incandescent lamps, some of the architectural features of the prominent buildings is being considered. It is estimated that the light and motive plant at the Exposition will be required for the electric plant.

"The act of Congress requires that the Exposition buildings shall be dedicated with appropriate ceremonies on Oct 12, 1892, being the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus. It is expected that all the buildings will be fully completed on that date, and the finshing touches will be applied between that time and May 1, 1893, when the gates of the Exposition will be thrown open to the public and a hearty greeting will be extended to the members of the New York society of the unpronounceable name."

THE EDISON COMPANY'S STATEMENT

Lights Will Not Go Out, Vice-President Bowker Says-Stations Not Affected. R. R. Bowker, First Vice-President of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company, made this statement yesterday in reference to the strike of the wire workers employed by the company:

"The company states that it has been affeeted by this strike solely in the wiring department, and there has been no foundation whatever for the reports given out by the station work has left the service of the comnot been changed in the slightest in any of its stations. Not a light on its system has gone out, nor is there any prospect that a single light will go out. The stories that any men have been offered them to keep to their work. or that any superintendent or other employee not usually at work in the stations, has had to nave been offered them to seep to their work.
or that any superintendent or other employee
not usually at work in the stations has had to
take up station work, are absolutely baseless.

"In the wiring department the company is
continuing its work as usual, except on the
three buildings where other mechanics have
been ordered off by the Board of Walking Delegates and where contractors have felt coerced
into asking the company to refrain from continuing its work at this time. In each case the
company has made a formal offer to provide a
sufficient number of capable workmen at any
time, and has thus safeguarded its legal
rights. As it has been stated that all the union
men in the employ of the company states that exactly fifty-one mon in all have left its employ
in connection with the strike, which is but a
small proportion of its working force in the
only department concerned.

"The chief practical result of the strike has
been that the walking delegate has refused
to members of the union the right to continue
in the employ of the company, which is the
is largest employer in this field of labor in this
city. The company has not refused to take
back any of the strikers.

"The statement that the company is refiring from the wiring business is equally without foundation. It has for some time been the
policy of the company to encourage the develcompent of outside wiring businesses, as it
considers the wiring business purely auxiliary to its main business of the company have
been giving much attention to the question
of wages and labor hours, and before this
strike came into question it had started in
operation a system of profit sharing, and had
also developed plans for shortening hours and
improving the relations of the men generally,
which will probably go into effect during the
spiring."

THE KEELEY TREATMENT.

Relatives of Walter B. Earle Think It

Tends to Cause Insunity. YONKERS, Feb. 8. - Walter B. Earle of this city was buried here to-day. For twenty years he was a travelling salesman for a hosiery house in New York. Lately, as it is said, he took to drink, and his relatives attribute it to domestic trouble. Eighteen years ago he married Miss Josie Uhler of Tarrytown. She is in Europe with a 17-year-old daughter, and it is said she refused to return to live with him. In the latter part of last December he went to the White Plains Institute to undergo the Keeley treatment. He was discharged as cured in a little more than four weeks, and he came to his home in Yonkers. He was there but a few days before signs of insanity de veloped. He did not touch a drop of intoxicating liquor after he left the institute, and told his friends how thankful he was that he had been cured of his habit. He constantly brooded over the absence of his wife. Last Monday he became violently insane, and his

Monday he became violently insane, and his sister telegraphed the fact to Dr. A. C. Haynor of the White Piains institute. He telegraphed back as follows:

"He lad symptoms of mental disorder two weeks before leaving here. Received extra treatment on that account. Should be treated as any person with acute mania.

This was power to his family. Helegrapher.

This was news to his family. Before entering the institute his friends had noticed no signs of mental disorder. His family now blame institute doctors for not letting them know when they noticed signs of insanity. If they had been apprised of the fact they would have removed the patient to Yonkers and put him under the family physician's care. He became so violent that he was removed last Monday to the Poughkeepsie Insane Asylum, where he died on Friday afternoon. His relatives think the Coroner should have tried to find out whether the treatment at White Plains led to his insanity and death. They think that the Keeley cure was the direct cause of his insanity, and a suit for damages is threatened. Charles A. Earle, a cousin of the dead man, is assistant journal clork of the State Senate, and for nine years was a clerk under Giova Cleveland and Hill. He is looking into the matter with a view of bringing about. If possible, a legislative investigation of the methods employed at the White Plains institute. He wants to have the State Board of Health and the State Medical Society called upon also to make an investigation. upon also to make an investigation.

Gen. Husted and the Auti-Pinkerton Bill. The New York City Division of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers adopted reso-lutions last Saturday evening thanking the Democrats of the Assembly for passing the anti-Pinkerton bill. The resolutions conclude We condemn and denounce without qualification these members who voted against it. We particular those members who voted against it. We particularly condemn and depounce tien, James W. Husted, who, in his speech opposing the bill, said the persons who tried to persuade him to its support should need to the bulk was the attention of the form of the form of the tries of the same of the condemn to the deposit of the tries of the same member of the same representative in the fire and put him out."

We also condemn and denounce the same member or the slanderous terms in which he characterized their lawful efforts in addressing the Legislature. He said, "I condemn them as professional thieves. The is all they are, professional thieves."

Insolved Further, that we depiore the fact that his constituents have selected him for their representative in one of the most important districts in the state, and pictigs ourselves that se long as this member lives we will remember his abuse of he and his fractment of car applesman, and that we will also do our less to defeat the redection to the legislature of every member who has referred his appear in this crists of our westers.

HAWLEY CHAPMAN INSANE

THE VERDICT RENDERED BEFORE JUDGE CULLEN YESTERDAY.

Chapman Takes It Calmly and Says He Will Go to Any Institution that Suits A jury was impanelled yesterday by Judge Cullen in Brooklyn to pass upon the question of the sanity of Hawley Chapman, who was arrested about a week ago on complaint of his wife, Cora Chapman, accusing him of having threatened her life. The proceedings attract-ed almost as large an audience as the recent trial of Herbert Searvant for the attempted murder of Mrs. Chapman. Mrs. Chapman was very richly attired, and seemed to have en-tirely recovered from the effects of the shootbullets which Searvant fired. Mr. Chapman was dressed rather carelesly, but he bore himself like a man entirely in his right mind. He conversed with his wife in a pleasant manner from time to time during the proceedings and exhibited no resentment whatever against her. Wrestler William Muldoon was an interested listener to the evidence and again expressed his willingness to take charge of Chapman, promising to bring him around all right after a few months of heroic treatment.

Lawyer John A. Anderson said that the pro-ceedings were instituted by Mrs. Chapman. Her husband had repeatedly threatened to kill her and others, and she feared that some nor and others, and she feared that some dreadful occurrence would take place unless he was placed under restraint. Charles Horrman and E. H. Lewis, who had charge of Chapman after the arrest of Servant testified that he had acted like an insane man. He seemed, they said, to be sufforing from some nervous terror. He was in the habit of sitting in front of a mirror and talking and laughing to himself.

Dr. Joseph Crammar tastified that Chapman is

that he had acted like an insane man. He seemed, they said, to be suffering from some nervous terror. He was in the habit of sitting in front of a mirror and talking and laughing to himself

Dr. Joseph Creamer testified that Chapman is a dipsomaniac, and that if the impulse should seize him he would not be able to avoid the commission of crime. Dr. Corey testified that he found evidences of insanity in Chapman and did not consider it safe to allow him to be at large. Dr. E. J. Bunker testified that he had examined Chapman, and advised his wife to have him sent to an asylum. Dr. John C. Shaw testified that he had examined Chapman at the jail for three-quarters of an hour and had come to the conclusion that he is not all right mentally. There was not, however, any great mental disturbance, and he would not sign a certificate to send him to an asylum. Drs. Metcalfe. O'Donnell, and Merritt testified that in their opinion Chapman was simply an inebriate, and not a fit subject for a lunatic asylum.

Annette Lindgrim, Mrs. Chapman's maid, testified that Chapman had offered her \$1 for a kias, and also that once while Chapman was standing before a picture of his wife he said.

I will kill her in her sleep,

Mrs. Chapman testified that she was afraid her husband would take her life. He had thereatened to do so.

Lawer Jere Wernberg, who is managing the Chapman estate, tostified that the property if freed from debt would be worth \$12,000 a year. About six months ago Chapman had deeded his half interest in the estate to his mother on the payment of \$8,000. Mrs. Chapman and year the other half. Before the shooting of his wife the witness noticed that Chapman suffered from incoherency of thought and expression, and that he is still confused in his ideas, but that since the shooting he had become much brighter and much more intelligent.

Chapman himself was the last witness, and, without being formally questioned either by his own orthe opposing lawyer, told his story in slow and that he shooting his had been and had conditio

FURMAN EXONERATED.

Mrs. Foote Confesses that He Did Not Help Her Murder Her Husbaud.

BINGHAMTON, Feb. 8.-Mrs. Richard Foote, who is in jall awaiting trial for murdering her husband, has made a confession. It differs from the one made on Nov. 30 last in exonerating Lewis Furman from any complicity in he crime.

After he had quieted down she went to the woodshed and got an axe. She crept up be hind him while he was sitting in a chair and struck him on the head. The blow only partially stunned him and he soon recovered "He started for me in a dazed sort of way." she says, "with the blood streaming down his face. I thought it best to finish him, so I raised the axe for another blow and he cried out: 'Oh, don't!' I then struck him on the temple and he fell dead as a nail."

The murderess goes on to tell how she dragged the body into an unused room and washed the blood stains from the carpet. She waited until dark, and thon dragged the body to the barn. In doing so she got on her skirts the blood which caused her arrest. The body was placed in a cow manger, and she went into the hay loft to get the millet with which she covered it. Then she saturated the millet and body with oil, so that the body would burn well. After setting fire to the barn she stayed about the place and wantched it burn. Toward daylight she aroused the neighbors. They asked where Foote was and she told them she did not know.

On the Sunday following some of the neighbors found the partly burned body. His was afraid of being discovered, so she built a hot fire in the kitchen, and, when no one was around, gathered up some of the bones and put them in the stove. It made such a smudge that she did not burn any more of the body. When the investigation was first made she accused Lewis Furman of being an accomplic in the crime, but now she says that it was all done by her. She expresses no regret, and says the man al ways treated her brutally.

Mrs. Foote's trial has been put down for the April term. Furman, who has always maintained his innocence of any knowledge of the crime, will be discharged this week. she says, "with the blood streaming down his face. I thought it best to finish him, so I

Moses Hopkins's Will.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.-The will of Millionaire Moses Hopkins will be filed to-morrow. It bequeaths three-quarters of the estate. worth \$4,000,000, to his wife, Emily, whom he worth \$1,000,000, to his wife, Emily, whom he married only five years ago. One of his nephews is Timothy Hopkins, who is contesting Mrs. Hopkins-Searles' will. Moses leaves Tim \$210,000 in cash and \$100,000 to Tim's wife and child. There are no bequests to charity. One curious feature of the will is that the provision requesting his burial in the Hopkins family plot at Sacramento by the side of his brother cannot be carried out, as Searles is the owner of the lot and has sworn that no more of the Hopkins tribe shall be buried there.

A Beformer Kills His Mas. BALTIMORE, Feb. 8.—Charley Goodman went on a man hunt to-day armed with a horse pistol. He met Charley Duncan, an inveterate enemy, who charged Goodman with robbing him of a house. When they came together to him of a house. When they came together to-day Duncan repeated this charge, and Good-man drew his pistol and shot him dead. Good-man then turned his attention to Lewis Pistol, Duncan's companion, and banged away at him, but Pistol, though he has a cork leg, hur-ried away before Goodman could get a shot at him. The murderer then gave himself up. Three years ago he posed as a reformer, and received \$1,000 for felling stories of alleged Democratic misdeeds. MISS MOLLIE IN TOWN.

On Cratches Sittl from Her Sprain-Alder-

Miss Mollie Whearty arrived in town yester-day morning in the custody of Deputy United States Marshal Colt of Buffalo. She was ac-companied by her sister, Mrs. Francis J. Cogan; Francis J. Cogan, and Mrs. George O. J. Clark. Mollie is the young woman who was

eral days ago by the Post Office inspectors. after having eluded them for some time, on a charge of appropriating funds belonging to the Government while she was clerk of the Post Office substation in B. S. Caskey's drug store, North foore and Hudson streets, New York.

Mollie was brought down to the Federal streets, New York. building by Brotherin-law Cogan and E. E. MOLLIE WHEARTY.

Reilly, her guardian, about 11 o'clock. She was on crutches. That was because she fell and sprained her leg while a "fugitive from justice." The young woman was taken to the

justice." The young woman was taken to the Post Office inspectors' rooms, on the fourth floor, where she remained for a long time. From here she was carried down in a chair to Marshai Jacobus's private office, on the floor below, where Commissioner Shields had been asked to hold the examination.

Mollie was without counsel. Assistant District Attorney Mott appeared for the Government. He sat with his back toward the young woman, his eyes bent upon a newspaper, and looked as if he wished some one clee had his job. The Commissioner inquired of Mollie if she wanted to waive examination or have it go on. Mollie looked wonderingly at him out of her big eyes. Brother-in-iaw Cogan got up and whispered to the Commissioner that they would waive examination. Then he changed his mind and whispered that they wouldn't. The Commissioner set the examination down for Feb. 23 and fixed ball at \$1.000. Adderman Frank Rogers of 394 Wost Thirty-third street gave bail. Her friends say she is entirely innocent of the charge against her.

TWO RACE TRACK BILLS.

One a Sort of Local Option Measure Other Legalizes Bookmaking.

TRENTON, Feb. 8.-The long-looked-for race track bills made their appearance in the Legislature to-night. There were two of them, and both were introduced by Mr. Parker of Mon mouth, who, it is understood, represents the interests of the Board of Control. The bills are different from those introduced last year. which were killed through an uprising of and Passaio counties, which prevaled Gov. Abbett to stay his hand when the bills were brought to him for signa-ture. One of the present bills gives the Board of Freeholders in each county the power to license race tracks and regulate the sport thereon, 5 per cent. of the gate receipts to be paid by the management of each track to the Treasurer of the county in which it is situated. An affidavit, setting forth the amount of the gate receipts, must accompany the return of the 5 per cent. fee. So far this bill is like that of last year, but in failing to specify in what months or to limit the period of racing, it is wholly different, and must prove much more objectionable to the people who opposed the legislation last winter.

The second bill legalizes bookmaking.

able to the people who opposed the legislation last winter.

The second bill legalizes bookmaking. It provides that bookmaking, or the keeping of a place for betting shall not constitute a nuisance, or the keeping of a disorderly house, or other misdemeanor or criminal offence whatever, when the betting or bookmaking is carried on within the enclosure of the race course and on the days of racing. The persons engaged in betting or bookmaking shall not be indictable while pursuing the sport on licensed race tracks. An important provision also is that the managers of race tracks shall not be indictable for running unlicensed tracks. They shall be liable only to a fine of \$500, to be recovered by suit, for each day that they use unlicensed tracks.

The impression here is general that the bills have no chance of passing. They give each track the chance to do what Guttenburg is doing, and do nothing in the interest of the class who oppose winter racing. Depnis MeLaughlin savs to-night that ha will not lift a

orized so as to try to restore my memory.

In concluding, Chapman asked to be allowed to explain his relations with Mr. Wernberg. He said that when he gave up the interest in his property to his mother. Mr. Wernberg had been appointed trustee, and his recent visits to Mr. Wernberg's office were to insist on his giving an accounting. He admitted that he might have been rather brusque in his manner, but he thought that assix months had elapsed, it was not too much to ask him to make a statement.

The jury, after deliherating for a few minutes, brought in a verdict declaring Chapman insane and incompetent to take care of himself or his property.

Chapman apparently was undisturbed by the verdict, and explained to the Court that he was willing to go to any institution that suited his wife.

Any institution which suits my wife." he said, "will suit me."

It was then arranged that he should be sent to Breezehurst Terrace, a private insane asylum at Whitestone, L. L. which is under the management of Dr. Harrison, who formerly was on the medical staff of the Flatbush asylums.

Bright to curtail the chance to do what Guttenburg is doing, and do nothing in the interest of the class who orpose winter racing. Dennis Mc-Laughilla says to-night that he will in of lift a laughll says to-night that he will wish that he will wish that he will in the class who orpose winter racing. Dennis Mc-Laughilla says to-night that he will in of lift a laughll says to-night that he will wish that he will in of lift a laughll says to-night that he will wish that he will in the laughll says to-night that he will wish that he will wish that he will wish that he will in the flauss who orpose winter racing. Dennis Mc-Laughilla says to-night that he will in the laughll says to-night that he will wish that he will not lift a laughll says to night that he will wish that he will be ask to night have one to him the laughll says to night that he

branch of study than there would be for one teaching the effect of tea and coffee upon the system. Nevertheless the House passed the bill by a big vote.

Gov. Abbett has reappointed George S. Sawyer of Newark for State Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, and the following lay Judges: Atlantic county, Wilson Senseman; Bergen, Peter Bogert, Jr.; Middlessx, Matthew Ogorman. For Trustees of the Home for Feeble-minded Women, Mrs. Emily H. Williamson, and ex-Senator Philip P. Baker.

A joint Republican caucus was held after the adjournment of the Legislature for the purpose of discussing the race track bills. No conclusion was reached. Several members want the party to array itself against the bills, but Parker of Monmouth and others hailing from race track localities demand to be allowed to vote as they choose. Another caucus on the matter is to be held this week.

FOUND DEAD IN "THE SHIP."

Mrs. Foote tells of the quarrel on the morn ing of the tragedy and how Foote choked her. The End of Dennis Buckley in a Queer Ol

> It is seldom that any one who does not liv in Hamilton street has occasion to go into that street. It is one long block from Catherine street to Market, between Cherry and Monroe. About midway on the north side is a curious relic of old times called "The Ship," and in The Ship Dennis Buckley was found dead last

The Ship has brick outside walls, two stories high, plemed with small square portholes. All the rest of the building is of wood, and when you get inside you do not wonder at its name. It lies sidelong to Hamilton street, on which its two gangways open. They are numbered 45 and 47. They lead into a sort of court or cabin surrounded by two tiers of staterooms There are no empty rooms in the Ship. Her crew are given to Saturday night jollifleations the police say. Otherwise they are all right. Donnis Buckley had lived there sixteen years or so. When he first went there his wife was

Donnis Buckley had lived there sixteen years or so. When he first went there his wife was with him, and both were industrious, and when they got \$700 together, they took it to the Bowery Savings Bank. Because his wife could read and write, and he could not, the money was put in in her name. They added to their store from time to time. After awhile the wife went crazy, and was sent to Blackwell's Island. She is there now.

The money wont into the hands of a trustee, and every week. Buckley's neighbors say, a Lawger Goss of Varick street brought old Dennis Buckley a little sum to live on, and once a month paid his rent. He had two rooms on the second tier, under the spar deck, one with a port looking out on Hamilton street. He had not been seen about for two days, and the neighbors told Policeman Hugh Cogan. Cogan broke into the rooms. The first room he got into was filled with heavy sticks of old timber and cordwood that the old man had carried hume and saved. In the next room was a lot of broken furniture and refuse stuff. In a corner lay an old mattress, and under this, wrapped in an old eiderdown quilt, Cogan found Buckley. Buts had begunt to eat him. An empty whiskey bottle lay on a ledge above the body. Death seemed to have been the result of natural causes.

SHOT AT A GHOST

Truman Brown Says His Wife Returned From Her Grave to Visit Him.

ruman Brown lives in a small house in Huntington, near the Long Island Railroad. His wife died several weeks ago, and since then he has been acting strangely. He in formed his neighbors that his wife refused to remain in her grave. She visited him at night, and he was afraid to go to sleep. A few nights and he was afraid to go to sleep. A few nights ago the neighborhood was aroused by pistol shotsand frantic shricks coming from Brown's house. When the neighbors burst open the door they found Brown moving about the house waving a pistol. He said his wife had visited him again, and he had fired at her. The bullets had no effect on her, he said, and she continued to chase him about the place until his neighbors forced open the door. Brown now says he will move out of the house,



anything purporting to be Doctor Pierce's medi-cines, sold by un-authorized deal-ers at less than

of the genuine medicines, imitations, and substitutes. To prevent all this, and to protect the pub-

larly authorized as agents, and at the following long-established prices:
Golden Medical Discovery (for Liver, Blood
and Lung Diseases), \$1.00. Favorite Prescription (for woman's weaknesses and allments), \$1.00. Pleasant Pellets (for the liver), 25 cents. Comp. Ext. Smart-Weed, 50
cents. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, 50 cents.
Dr. Pierce's remedies are the cheapest
you can buy, for you pay only for the good
you get. They're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or you have your money back.

LOUIS HARRIOTT ON TRIAL

Mr. Leonard Tells in Court of Ilis Discover;

FRERHOLD, Feb. 8.- The trial of Louis Oabertin, alias Louis Harriott, for the murder of Mrs. Charles T. Leonard at the Atlantic Highlands on Nov. 27 last was begun in the Court House here this morning. The court room was packed with people, and even the hallways were crowded. Chief Justice Mercer Beasley presided, with Judges Conover, Bennett, and Curtiss upon the bench. The Court had assigned William H. Vredenburgh and ex-Assemblyman Johnson to defend the prisoner. The State was represented by District Attorney Ivens and ex-State Senator Nevins.

It was noon before the jury was obtained. Ex-Senator Nevins made the opening for the

Chas. T. Leonard, the husband of the dead woman, testified that when he left his house on the day his wife was murdered Mrs. Leonard was painting in the sitting room. Mr. Leonard went back to the house at 5 o'clock He had not seen Harriott at work for over an hour, and asked his daughter Alice where he hour, and asked his daughter Alice where he had gone. Alice had not seen him. Mr. Leonard then went to Harriott's room and found that his clothing had been romoved. Alice showed him a fish olate that had been in the woodshed for months. She had found it in the sitting room. Mr. Leonard then went to the house of Mrs. Murphy, a neighbor, and asked for his wife, but Mrs. Murphy had not seen her that day.

After supper Alice searched the house. In an unoccupied room used for storage she found her mother lying upon the floor. Her screams brought her father to the room. Her screams brought her father to the room. His wife lay dead in a corner of the room. His wife lay dead in a corner of the room. Her clothing was disar anged, and a piece of small rope was knotted tightly about her neck. The body was cold. His wife had speed \$15 out of \$20 that he had given her and the remaining \$5 was missing from her handbag.

On his cross-examination Mr. Leonard acknowledged that the silverware and jewelry in the house had not been disturbed. Mr. Leonard had agreed to give Harriott \$12 a month, but Harriott had notasked him for any money until the Sunday prior to the killing of Mrs. Leonard. when he said he wanted lifty cents to buy to laceo. Mr. Leonard gave him the money. Harriott had worked on the Leonard.

The testimony of Alice Leonard, who is 14 After supper Alice searched the house. In conard.

The testimony of Alice Leonard, who is 14 cars old, was about the same as that given

years old, was about the same as the by her father.

Coroner Posten testified that there was a rope knotted tightly about the dead woman's throat, her clothing was disordered, and there were blood stains and the marks of dirty

throat, ner clothing was absoluted throat, ner clothing was apparently unmoved even when the clothing of the murdered woman was produced by the State. He has acknowledged that his real name is Louis Ouberton, and he says he was compelled to leave his home in Lorraine because of the brutal ill treatment of his stepfather.

HYER SAILS FOR AUSTRALIA. He Seems to Have Bade a Final Farewell

to Detective Dalton. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8 .- John Hyer, the Jersey City embezzler, who recently escaped from Detective Dalton while on a train near the end

of his journey home, sailed for Australia yesterday on the steamer Alameda.

Nothing was known of the details of his escape here till Hyer appeared here on Friday night. Hyer said he

here on Friday night. Hyer said he was with his wife in the lower berth of the sleeper, and Dalton was in the birth directly opposite. When the train slacked up at a little station thirteen miles from Crestline, Hyer jumped through the window on the side opposite the station and ran around to the rear of the train. There he met a policeman, to whom he told a story of being left by the train, and besought his assistance to get to Crestline. They aroused a livery stable keeper, and Hyer was driven to Crestline, where he bearded a train for the West.

He found many of the same employees with whom he had travelied East and had a good time, as his wife had given him ample funds. When he reached here on Friday night he wont to Janitor Schroeder of the Alameda county jall and asked him to secret him in jail till the steamer sailed on Sunday. Schroeder refused. Then he applied to his old attorney, Carroll Cook, but Cook would not do anything for him. So he kept secreted in some cheap lodging house till the time came for going on board the steamer.

Just holore she sailed he wrote to Cook enclosing a telegram to be sent to Mrs. Hyer. It simply rend:

"Reached, 'Frisco safely. Sail to-day for

simply rend:
"Reached 'Frisco safely. Sail to-day for Sydney on Alameda."
In his letter to Cook he says he hopes to do well in Australia, where he will be let alone. As extradition for embezzlement does not apply to Australia, Hyer is safe from pursuit.

MISS JOHNSON'S COMPLICITY.

Another Witness in the Freda Ward Murder Case in Memphis, MEMPHIS, Feb. 8.-The lawyer of Lillie Johnon, held as accessory in the murder of Freda

Ward by Alice Mitchell, sued out a writ of habeas corpus to-day tefore Judge Dubose. The writ was made returnable on next Friday, and the prosecuting attorney will be forced to and the prosecuting attorney will be forced to show his hand to the extent of giving sufficient reasons for holding her without hail until the regular irial of the two girls. It transpired to day that the State has a witness who heard Miss Johnson say to Miss Mitchell, as she ran up the hill after committing the deel, "Hurry up!" This, with Miss Mitchell's words before she left the buggy, "You wait here, and I'll go and lix her," and as she got back, "I'vo done it," are considered indications of Lillie Johnson's foreknowledge of her companion's designs.

A Colored Hotel Thief. POUGREEPSIE, Feb. 8.-James H. Brittingham, a colored professional hotel thief, was arrested in Poughkeepsie to-day. Brittingham secured a place as waiter at the Morgan House sometime ago, and ever since the silverware of the dining room has been disappearing day by the dining room has been disappearing day by day. The hotel people were puzzled until to day about \$100 worth of silverware and babies' clothing, belonging to one of the guests, were found in a package which Brittingham had given into the custody of the Adams Express Company for shipment to Allentown, Pa. Britingham, who is a married man, proposed marriage to a young colored woman here, and his arrest was in time to prevent the wedding. Becorder Morshauser sentenced Brittingham to the Albany penitentiary for three months.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Nelson Morris left yester-day afternoon vin the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad in his private car for a six

New Stock Yards at San Francisco

months' tour through the West. He was accompanied by his wife, his daughter Maude, companied by his wife, his daughter Maude, Mrs. Rothschild and son, and Mrs. Nathan Holhelmer.

Mr. Morris said: "I am going direct to San Francisco. I shall be gone six months, and will make this a pleasure trip. I have been under a great strain, and find that I am in need of rest. At San Francisco, however, I shall look after the interests of the new stock yards there, in which I am one of the largest stockholders."

Schooner Upset and Crew Missing Boston, Feb. 8.—The capsized fishing vessel which was towed into this port on last Saturafternoon, and proves to be the British schooner Patriot of Parrsboro, bound from St. John.

day by the tug Underwriter was righted this or Patrios of Pairsboro, bound from St. John.

N. B., for New York. Her masts are broken off close to the deck, her boats and davits are gone, her sails and rigging are tangled about the mast, which hung over the bow, her wheel is broken and is hanging over the stern, and part of her starboard rail is gone. The fate of the crew is unknown, but the belief is that all were lost. The Patriot carried a crew of five men, including the Captain.

PRESIDENT BEERS RESIGNS.

AS AN ADVISER THE NEW YORK LIFE WILL PAY HIM \$87,500 A YEAR.

The Office of Auditor Will be Created to Divide the Butles of the Executive-Other Changes Recommended Speculations as to Mr. Beers's Successor.

President William H. Beers of the New York Life Insurance Company resigned yesterday. and after to-morrow he will act only in an advisory capacity for the company. For such nition of former services, the Board of Trustees granted him a salary of \$37,500 a year for the remainder of his life.

When the trustees met yesterday they re-

ceived this communication from Mr. Beers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5, 1892.
To the Board of Touters of the New York Life Insurance Company,
GERTLENEN: As you all know, I have nothing at heart but the continued welfare and prosperity of this com-pany, to which I have devoted the best years of my life I have no personal ends to serve, but at my advanced age and in my present state of health. I require relie from the very one-rous labors of the Presidency, and but for the long continued and persistent assaults upon the company—which have been chiefly directed against me personally-I should long ago have asked you to mental to the company's interest.

l, therefore, hereby tender my resignation of the office of President, to take effect Wednesday, Feb. 10. Yours truly, Ws. H. Brens, President,

The special committee of five, which was

appointed by the trustees to investigate the report of the Insurance Department upon certain matters relating to the company, reported that its members were notified that the business of the company had outgrown the methdeclared that there was nothing in the report declared that there was nothing in the report of the Insurance Department to show any corrupt or dishonest use of the company's funds for the private gain of any one of its officers, and that the sound financial condition of the company and its enormous increase of assets and business showed that the management upon the whole had been intelligent and honest. The committee made a number of recommendations, including a division of the duties of the executive officers by the appointment of an auditor, required to report directly to the trustees; the adoption of a by-law making salaried employees other than the President and Vice-Presidents, incligible to the Board of Trustees, and the appointment of a committee of five to make nominations to fill vacancies. It was also recommended that the by-laws be reorganized and that the by-laws be amouded as required. The committee gave high praise to Mr. Beers, and suggested that a salary of \$25,000 a year for the rest of his life be given to him. After hearing the report of the committee the trustees adopted the following resolutions:

\*\*Resident\*\*, That this Board accepts with regret the resignation of william H. Beers as President of this company, to take affect on Wednesday next, the 10th day of February, 1892.

\*\*Energy and the president of this company, to take affect on Wednesday next, the 10th Board desires to place on record its high appreciation of the very valuable services rendered by Mr. Beers during his long connection with this company, the of the Insurance Department to show any

day of February, 1892.

\*\*Fordeed.\*\* That In accepting such resignation this Board desires to place on record its high appreciation of the very valuable services rendered by Mr. Beers during his long connection with this company, the wonderful growth of the company and its present position among the greatest financial institutions of this country being due very largely to his preeminent ability and zeal; and this Board desires also to place on record list conditions in his integrity of purposes in managing the important interests committed to his charge.

\*\*Resided.\*\* That this Board deems it highly undesirable that this company should lose the benefit of his great a nowledge, skill, ability, and experience.

\*\*Resided.\*\* That this Board authorizes an agreement to be made with Mr. Heers to secure his services during the remaining of his life in an authorize and services during the remaining of this life in an authorize applied of the point of the point of the services of the point of the services of the company. \*\*Resided.\*\* That his Secund Vice President and the actuary of this company be authorized and directed to execute such agreement under the seal of this company at

held on weanesday next.

It was decided to vote to-morrow for a President to hold office until after the next annual election of trustees in April. The special committee of flive was also continued until

committee of flive was also continued until to-morrow.

Mr. Beers refused to talk to reporters, and the trustees also had little to say.

Among the persons named as likely to succeed Mr. Beers were E. W. Scott, one of the Vice-Presidents of the Equitable Life Assurance Society; W. L. Strong, Chairman of the special committee of five and President of the Central National Bank, and John A. McCall, Comptroller of the Equitable Company, All these declined to speak for publication yestorday. Mr. McCall would only say, "All that I can say is, come and see me Wednesday."

BAD WORK ON SCHOOLS.

e Board of Walking Delegates to Lay a Statement Before the School Board, Walking Delegate Frewen of Progressive Painter's Union No. 3 roused the indignation of the Board of Walking Delegates yesterday by a report which he made of the condition of matters in the new school at Ninety-third street and Amsterdam avenue. He said that the workmen were using instead of white lead and the rest whiting. He saw the specifications, which called for coach varnish for the woodwork, instead of which oil turpentine, "dryers," and half hard oil varnish was being used. He saw no varnish used, excent on the outside doors. a mixture of one-third part of lead and the rest whiting. He saw the specifications, which called for coach varnish for the woodwork, instead of which oil turpentine. "dryers." and half hard oil varnish was being used. He saw no varnish used. except on the outside doors. The only pure white lead he saw used was on the outside windows and on the sashes of the sash doors. There were three cellings which were being painted with a mixture which the inspector condemned.

Delegate Frewen said he was prepared to

condemned.

Delegate Frewen said he was prepared to submit affidavits of his statements to the Board of Education if necessary. The Board of Walking Delegates decided to collect all the evidence and submit a statement of Frewen's allegations to the School Board.

Mr. Sargent Leases the Berkeley Lyceum Arrangements were made yesterday by which the Berkeley Lyceum passed into the hands of Mr. Franklin H. Sargent as lessee for s term of years from the 1st of October next. The theatre will become the home of the Independent Theatre organization, which has been recently formed under the leadership of literary men and artists, including William Dean Howells, Frank Stockton, Laurence Hutton, Brander Matthews, E. C. Stedman, George Parsons Lothrop, F. D. Millet, George W. Cable, R. W. Gilder, William M. Chase, Carroll Beckwith, J. Wells Champney, John Lafarge and Bronson Howard. The full announcement of organization and plans of subscription for the initial performance, which will take place in one of the regular theatres, will be made in about two weeks. The American Academy of the Dramatic Arts will also have rooms in the building. In addition to the theatre, dressing rooms, and other rooms connected with the theatre, the Berkeley Lyceum contains, on either side of the main entrance, two large apartments which will be used, one as a recention room and the chier for the offices of the theatre and the Academy. On the floor above, parallel with the first bulcony, is a large hall which will be serviceable for the dramatic students of the Academy. Cable, R. W. Gilder, William M. Chase, Carroll

A Celebration on Oct. 12.

Many societies of various nationalities have been discussing for months the advisability of giving a public celebration on Oct. 12, the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America. but no concerted action has been taken. The nembers of the Circulo Colon-Cervantes, a Spanish society, sent a committee yesterday to talk over the matter with Mayor Grant. The committeemen were President J. N. Navarro, Vice-President A. Baldasano, S. Mallett, A Vice-President A. Baldasano, S. Mallett, A. Olcott, F. M. Castillo, and Antonio Cuyas, Jr. They explained the necessity of having a single committee in charge of the celebration, and they wanted the Mayor to help them arrange a pann. They also wanted assistance in drafting a bill authorizing the celebration and providing an appropriation. The Mayor assured the committee that he would do all in his power to make the celebration a success. The Colon-Cervantes Club has already begun the work by sending Imre Kiralfy to Hamburg and Spain for objects to be exhibited during the celebration. A feature of the celebration will be the unveiling of the statue of Columbus.

It Looks Bad for 200 Saloon Keepers. Bangon, Feb. 8.-It is said that the Grand Jury, now in session, has indicted all rum sellers in the city. There are over 200 of them, and it is expected there will be a gen-eral exodus to avoid appearance in court.

"A Cheap Bargain Takes Money from the Purse." Imitations may be cheap, but they are worthless. Be sure to my the genuine Johann Hoff's Mait Extract only. It will man you the best satisfaction. The genuine must have the signature of "Johann Hoff" on the neck of every bottle.



Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most

popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50e and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. B.

SPANKED BEFORE HIS SWEETHEART. Edward Brennan, \$1 Years Old, Punished Publicly by His Father.

NORWALE, Feb. 8-Prof. Edward Brennan. organist of St. Mary's Catholic Church, created excitement in South Norwalk this afternoon by publicly chastising his son Edward, aged 21. Young Brennan is fond of pretty Miss Mamie Nagle, and the young people, against the

wishes of their parents, are frequently to-

gether. One night last summer the lovers disappeared and for a week their whereabouts was unknown, but later they turned up in Bridgeport and were brought home. Rumor had them married, but both denied this and said they had been visiting friends. Brennan, Jr., got a terrible trouncing and his sweetheart was put through a similar ordeal.

Clandestinely they have been often in each other's company since, and to-day, more bold than usual, they dared to appear together in the street. There stern father Brennan came upon them. Neither was aware of his approach. Edward was seized by the mape of his neck and the band of his trousers, and then, in view of hundreds of people, received a thrashing such as he never in his life had before, Miss Nagle looked on, speechless with fright for a moment, and then turned and fied. Young Nagle was so badly punished that bystanders interfered. was unknown, but later they turned up in

A Horse and Buggy Found in a Wood Covered with Snow.

Nashua. N. H., Feb. 8.—A buggy, partly covered with snow, was found in the woods off a cart path in the town of Hollis. A dead horse was hitched to the buggy. The horse had starved to death, after having eaten off the trees around him. The team had evidently been there three weeks or more, as it was covered with the snow that had fallen two weeks ago. The horse was checked up. The buggy was a good one, but there was nothing in it to identify it. Under the seat was some sugar, sait, pork, and a lamp chimney, all evidently just purchased when put there. A Manchester Union, dated Nov. 20, was on the seat. No person or team is missing from Hollis, and many stories are going around as to how the team came to be in that deserted spot. trees around him. The team had evidently

A Prayer Book Leads to the Arrest of a

NEWBURGH, Feb. 8.—A prayer book played an important part in the arrest of John McEirath on the charge of entering the store of H. S.

A Quartermaster's Accounts Short \$1,000. BURLINGTON, Vt., Feb. 8.-When the new Quartermaster of the Burlington Cadets, a local military company, whose members are the sons of Burlington's most prominent citizens, took charge of the books on the first of zens, took charge of the books on the first of the month, he found that the funds had been misappropriated, and it is now said that the deficit may roach \$1,000. The Quartermas-ter's predecessor, T. C. Underwood, son of the late ex-dov. Underwood, left for Chicago about two months ago, and talk on the street indicates that the mourners thereby are numerous.

A Hill Club in Memphis. MEMPHIS. Feb. 8.-A Hill club will be formed by the leading Democrats of the city to-morrow. Among outspoken advocates of Hill are President Clapp, Vice-President Kelly, and Commissioner Speed, who constitute the Board Commissioner Speed who constitute the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners; John Shea, Secretary of the Board; County Register E. A. Edmondson, and other county and city officials. Edmondson was the Alliance candidate for his office, and it is safe to say that his organization endorses his present action. This action was hastened probably by the receipt of a letter from Congressman Josiah Patterson, in which he says Cleveland is not considered "in it."

Lonisiana Democrats May Unite. New OBLEANS, Feb. 8.-The regular Demoeratic Executive Committee, whose nomines for Governor is S. N. McEnery, to-day suggested to the anti-Lottery Democratic Committee which nominated M. J. Foster for the same of-ilee, that to harmonize the Democratic party and prevent the State's falling into the hands of the Republicans, both factions take down their candidates and hold a third State Con-vention to nominate a new ticket. No answer has been returned.

Arresting Lottery Officials.

New ORLEANS, Feb. 8.-Fourteen officers and derks of the Louisiana State Lottery were arrested this morning for the sixth time for the violation of the Anti-Lottery Postal law, under indictments found by the United States Grand Jury in Hartford, Conn. They were arraigned before the United States Court and released under bond.

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Versatility no less than beauty is shown in the variety of productions in Solid Silver by the Gorham M'F'G Co. Unique. ornate and serviceable designs in every branch of the Silversmith's Art.

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